



Network API Ideathon

Education materials

Shift Zadar 2024



What are Network APIs?

- A set of APIs exposing operators' networks to developers
- Network APIs are:
 - Enabling developers to use data stored and collected by the Operators to improve the experience of their applications
 - Improving the way developers can manage the way their applications interact with the network
- API development is done by Camara Project (led by Linux foundation) which is a global group of operators and other stakeholders interested in Network APIs
 - Main purpose of Camara is to ensure API quality and standardization across markets
 - Camara is completely open source, publicly available
- Find out more about Camara



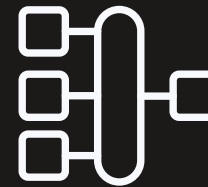


Operators

Network APIs

Market enablers

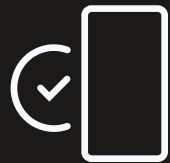
Developers





Click on the icon to check out
Camara documentation for
each API

Network APIs



Number
Verification



Quality on
Demand



SIM Swap
Detection



Device Status



Device
Location



Know Your
Customer (KYC)



Important note

**APIs in this materials are
not all Network APIs
available**

**These APIs were picked as the most relevant ones.
Feel free to check out others on Camara
documentation.**



Number Verification

- Phone number verification – done by matching user's phone number with data in operator's network (usually IP address and port on mobile network)
- Phone has to be connected to mobile network data
- Only input needed from the user is phone number (unless it's not already known to the application)

Why and how is it used today?

- Eliminates the need for OTPs
- In case phone number is already known to the application, can be done silently in the background
- Much better option for all cases where OTP is requested over a mobile phone because:
 - OTP creates friction, which Number verification decreased significantly
 - Number verification eliminates human action for phone verification, making it a more secure method



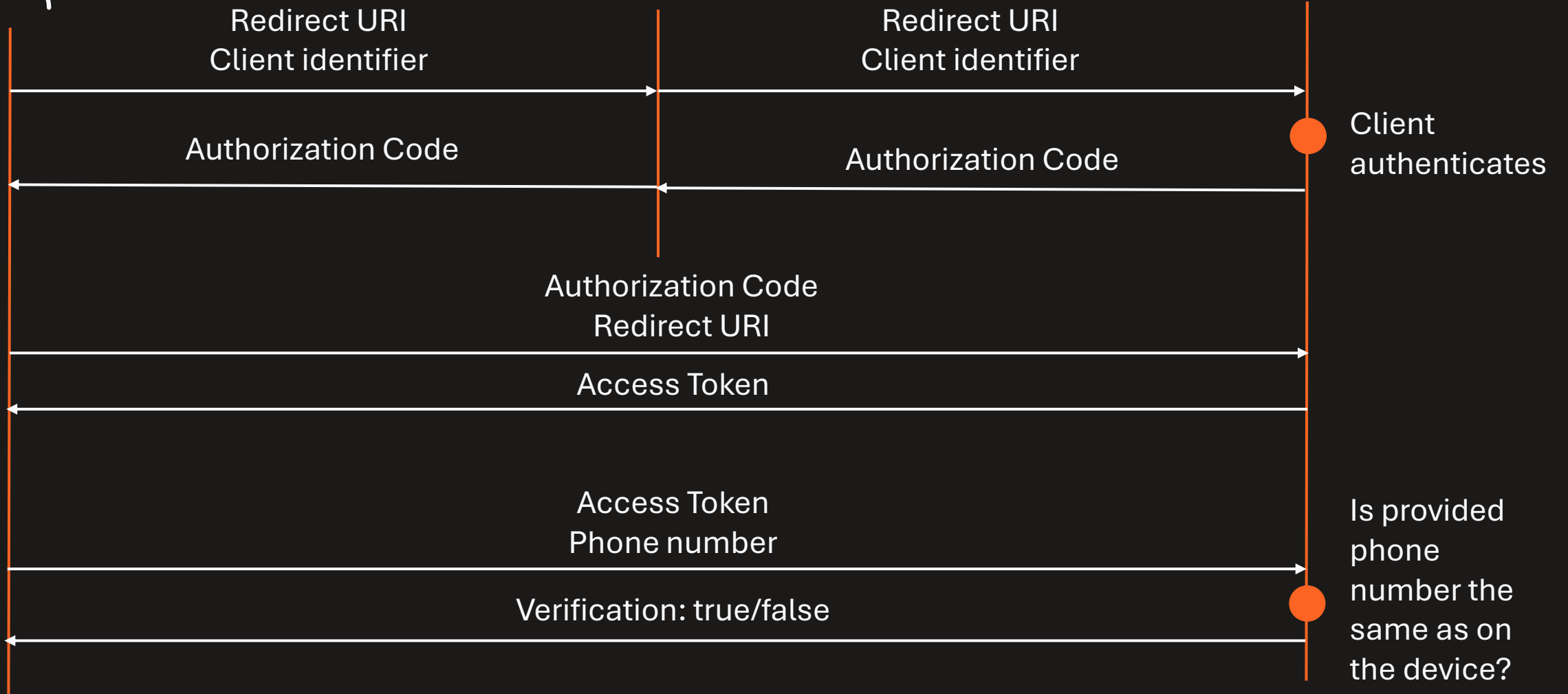
Developer



User's phone



Network APIs





SIM Swap Detection

- Information on the last time the SIM was changed for requested phone number
- Works in request & notification model
- In notification mode, subscription needs to be made for each phone number you want to track

Why and how is it used today?

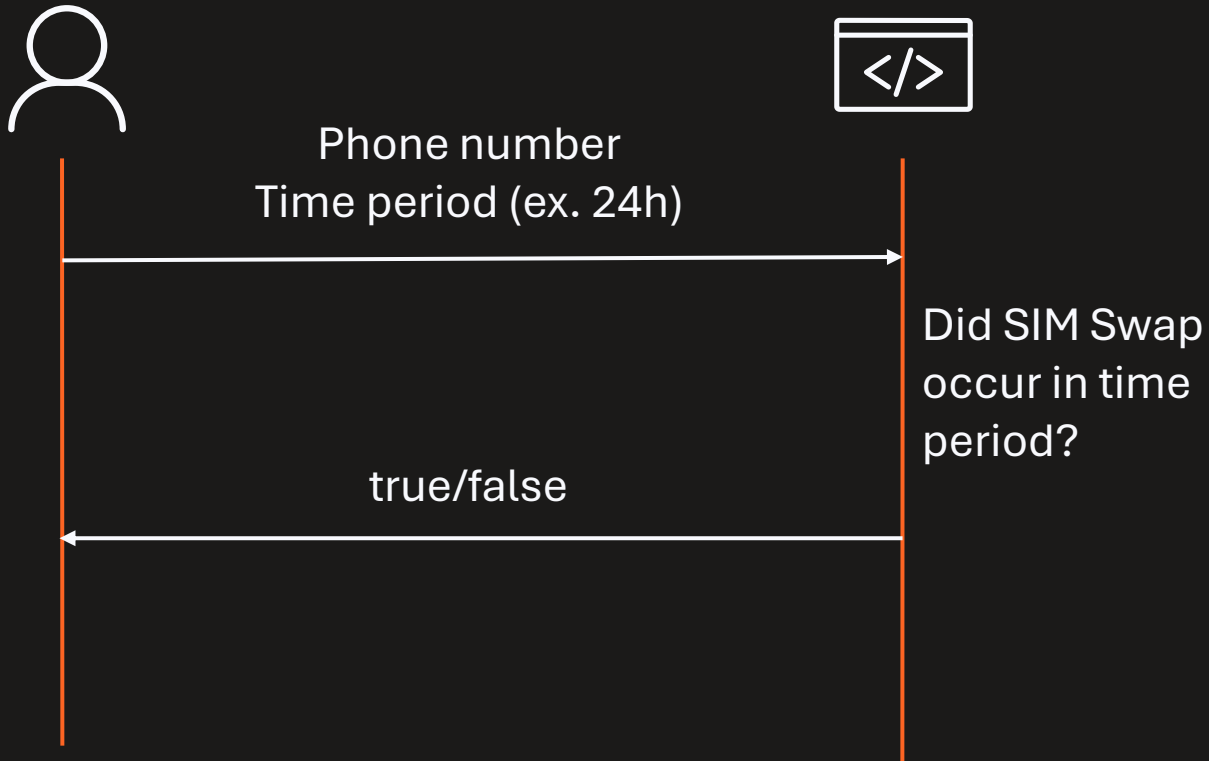
- Mainly for fraud protection
- In UK, banks need to have SIM Swap protection
- In Spain, telcos need to pay for SIM Swap damages

How a SIM swap scam works

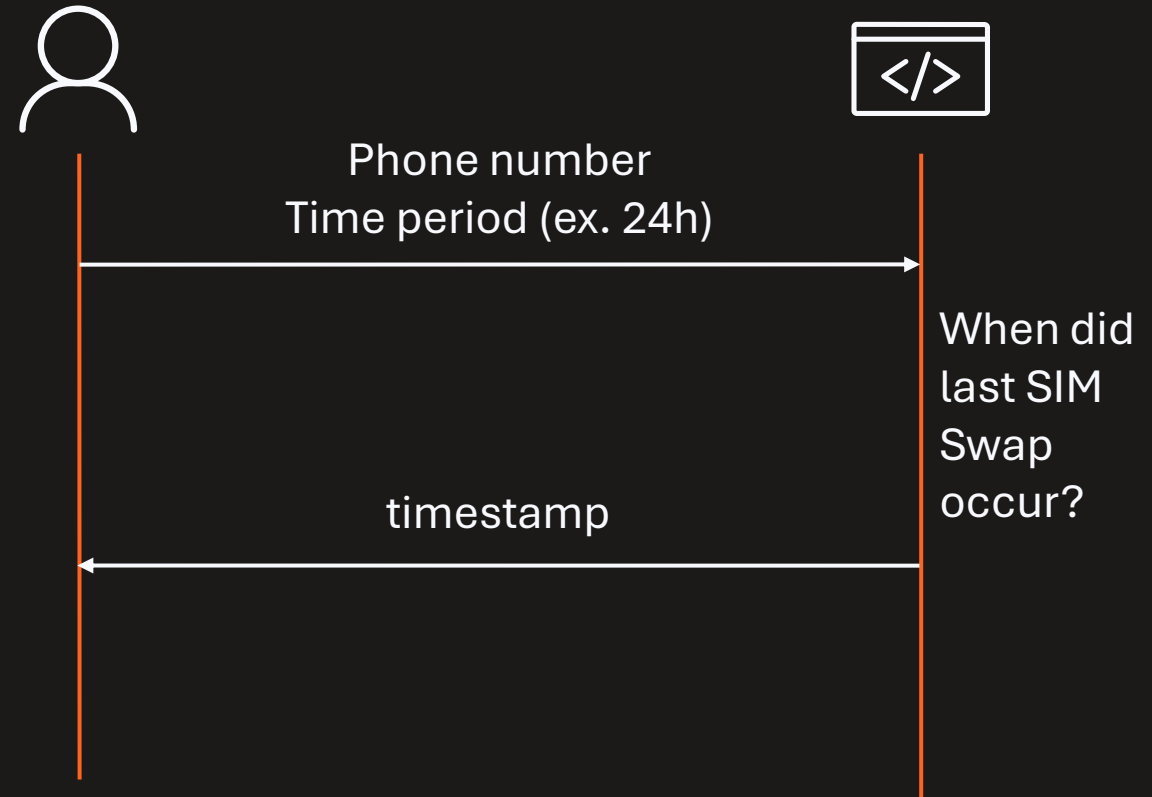




Option 1

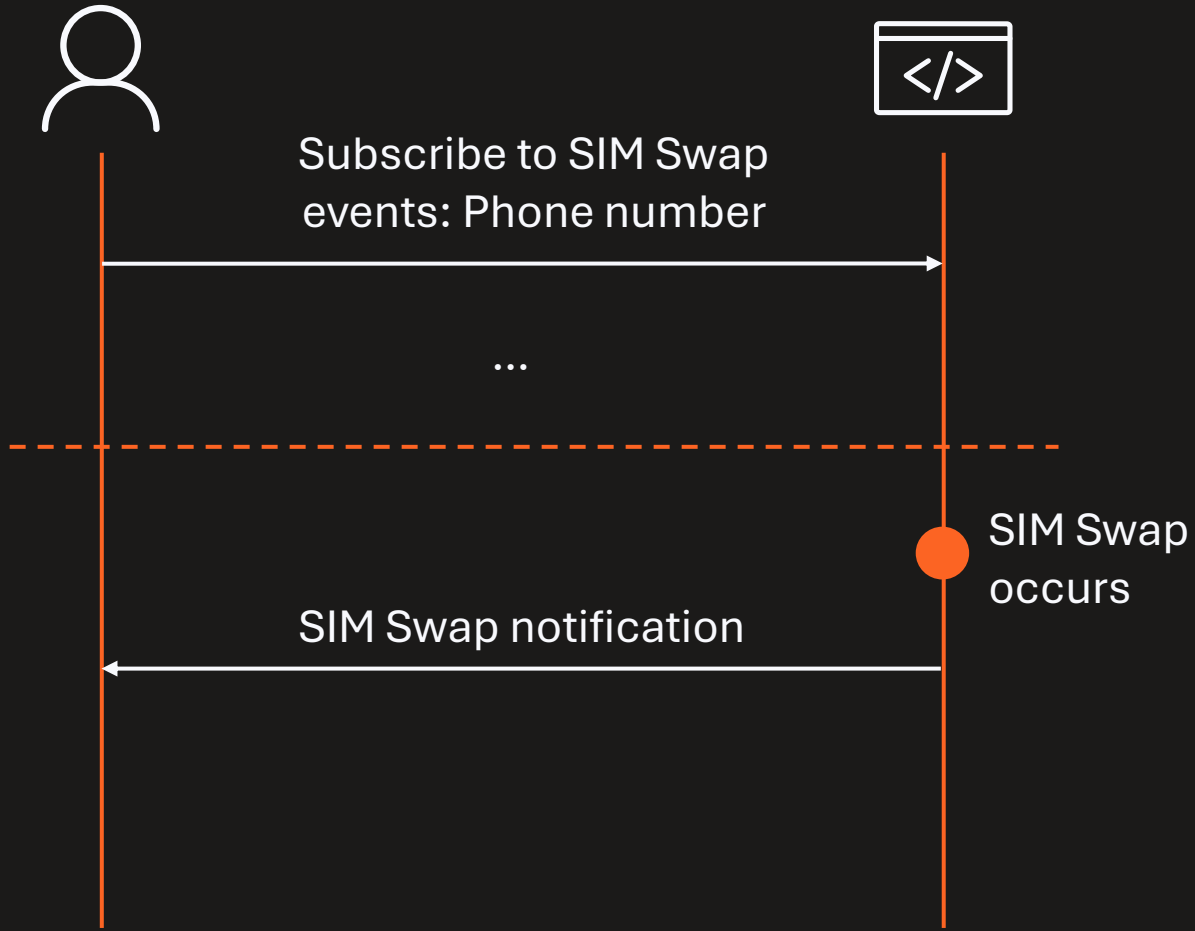


Option 2





Option 3





Device Location

Location verification

Is this the location of this device?

Location retrieval

Give me a location of this device.

Location geofencing

Notify me when a device enters this area.

How and why is it used today?

Fraud prevention
Smart mobility
GPS confirmation

Logistics tracking

Targeted marketing
Alerts

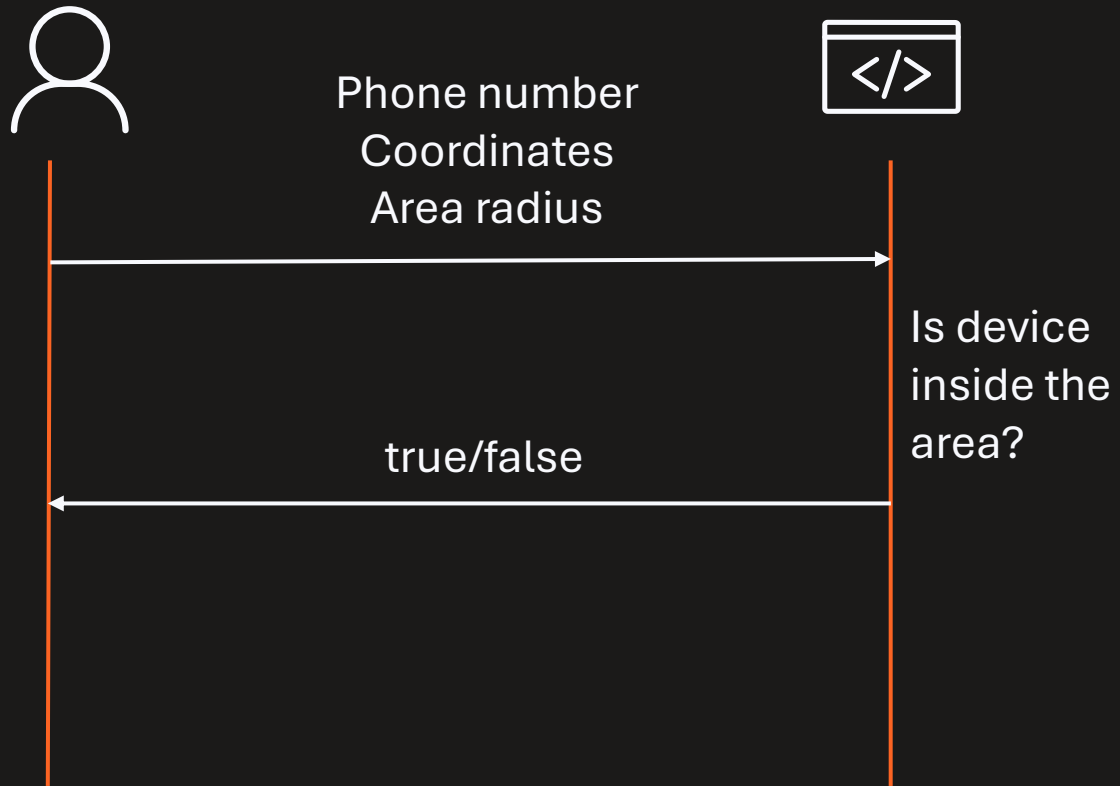


Device Location

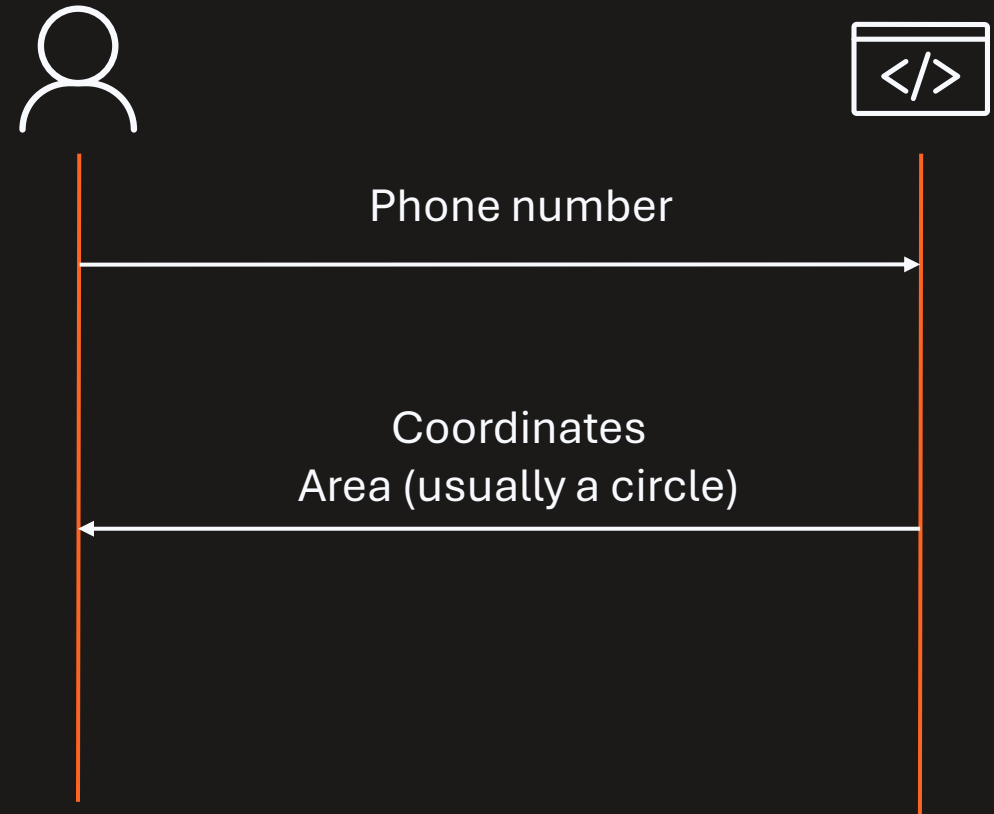
- Location is based on triangulation between Operator's base stations to which a device is connected to
- For Geofencing, subscription needs to be made for each phone number you want to track



Location verification

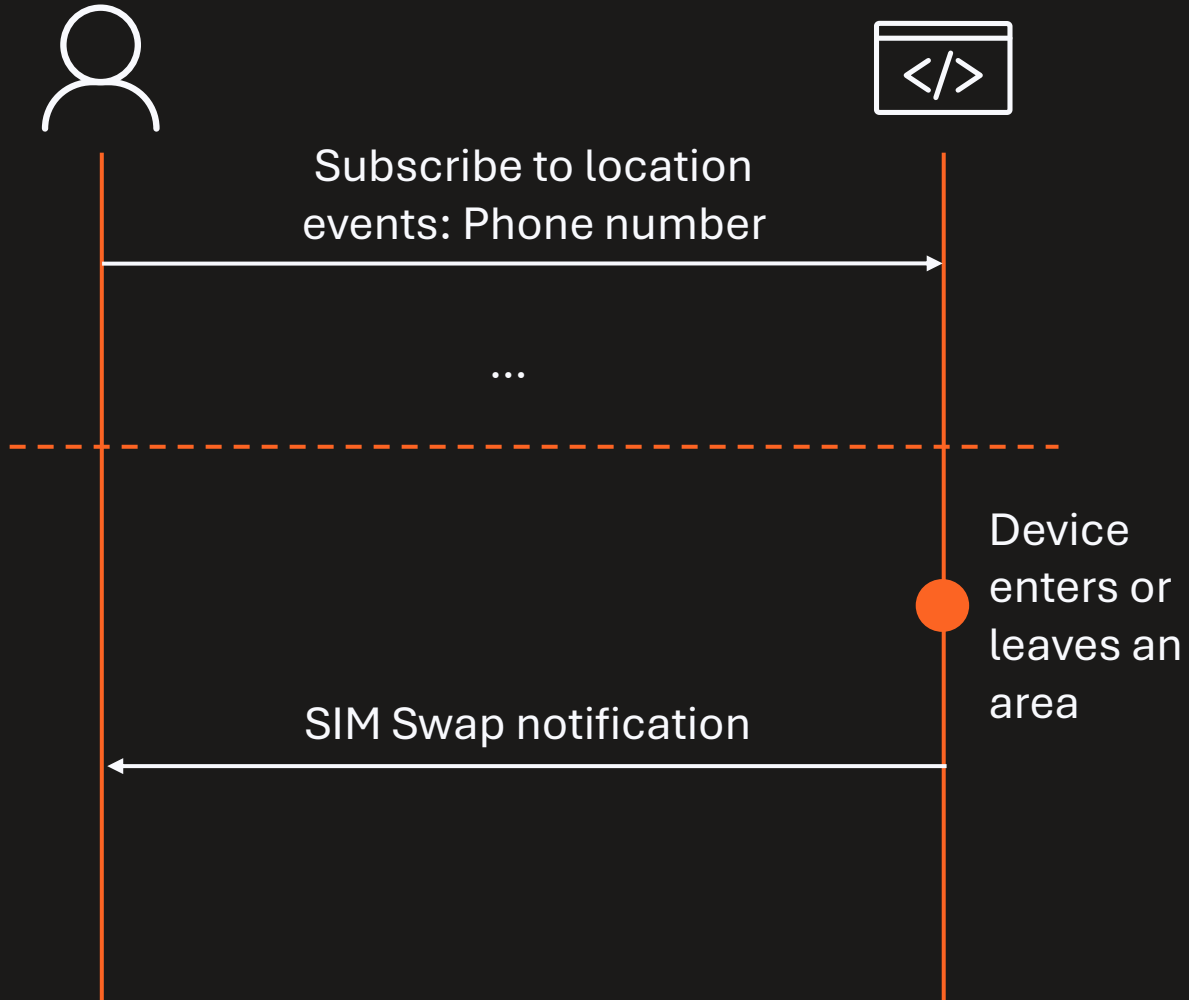


Location retrieval





Geofencing





Quality on Demand

- Modify network properties for a limited period of time by getting a priority on network
- You can control latency or bit rate
- Type (level) of service is described in 4 profiles depending on which and application can request a specific type of prioritization on network
- Prioritization sessions are created by providing
 - User device IP address
 - Application server IP addresses and port(s)

How and why is it used today?

- Increased network quality for online gaming
- Remote ship control in Antwerp port – Nokia powered





Application server



Network API



Create QoD session

Device ID: IP address or phone number
Application server IP address and port(s)
QoD profile

Session details

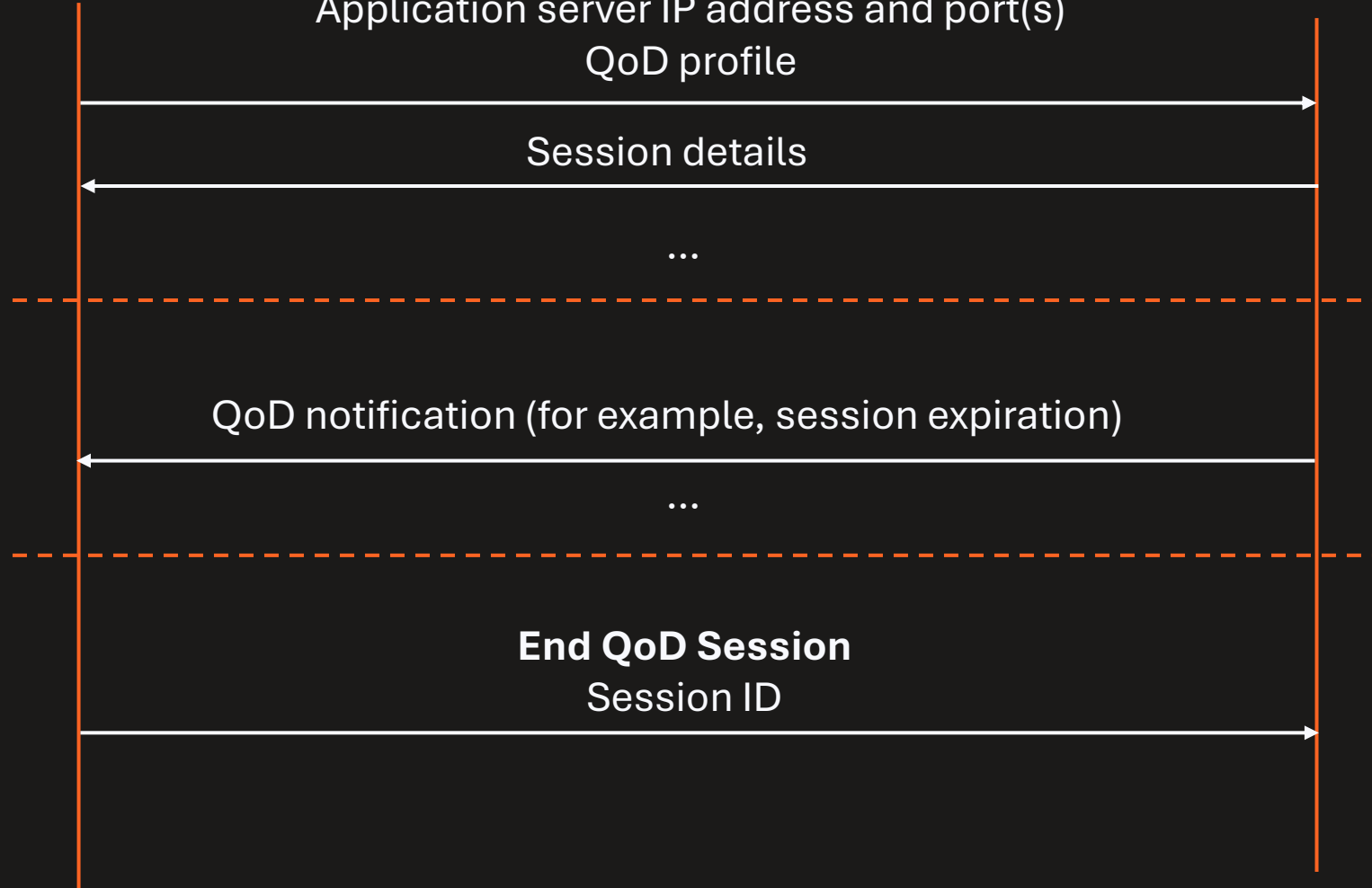
...

QoD notification (for example, session expiration)

...

End QoD Session

Session ID





Device Status

Connectivity status

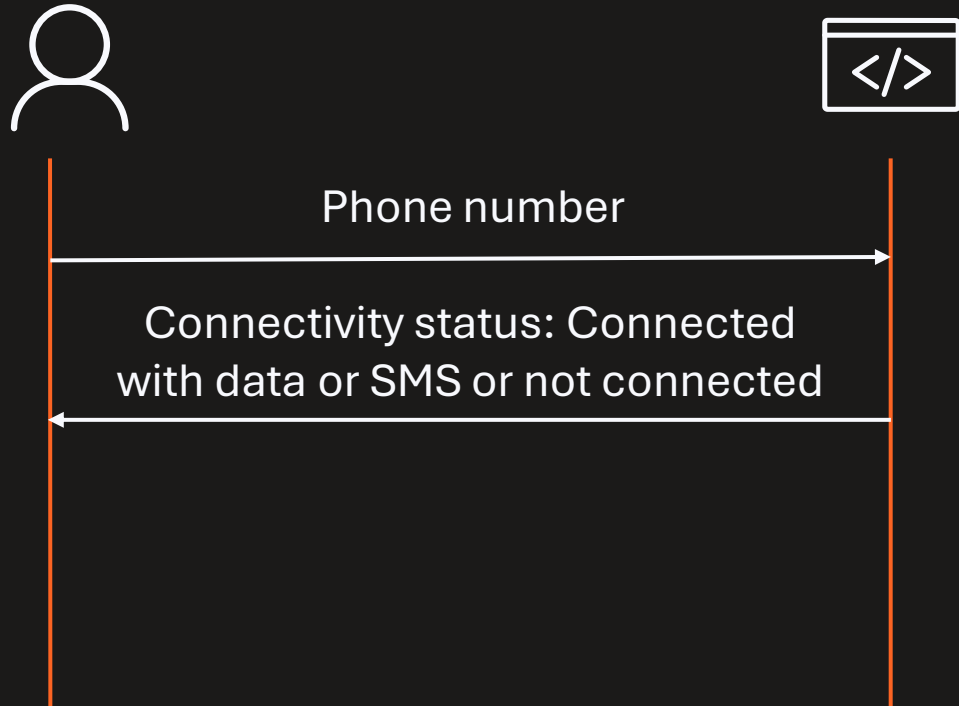
- Provides information about device's connection status
 - Does it have access to network data?
 - Can a device receive SMS?
- Two models: Request status & Notify me about the status
- **Why and how is it used today?**
 - Ensuring device has access to internet or SMS

Roaming status

- Provides device's roaming status (and where is it roaming)?
- Two models: Request status & Notify me about the status
- **Why and how is it used today?**
 - Stopping additional roaming charges
 - Fraud protection



Connectivity status

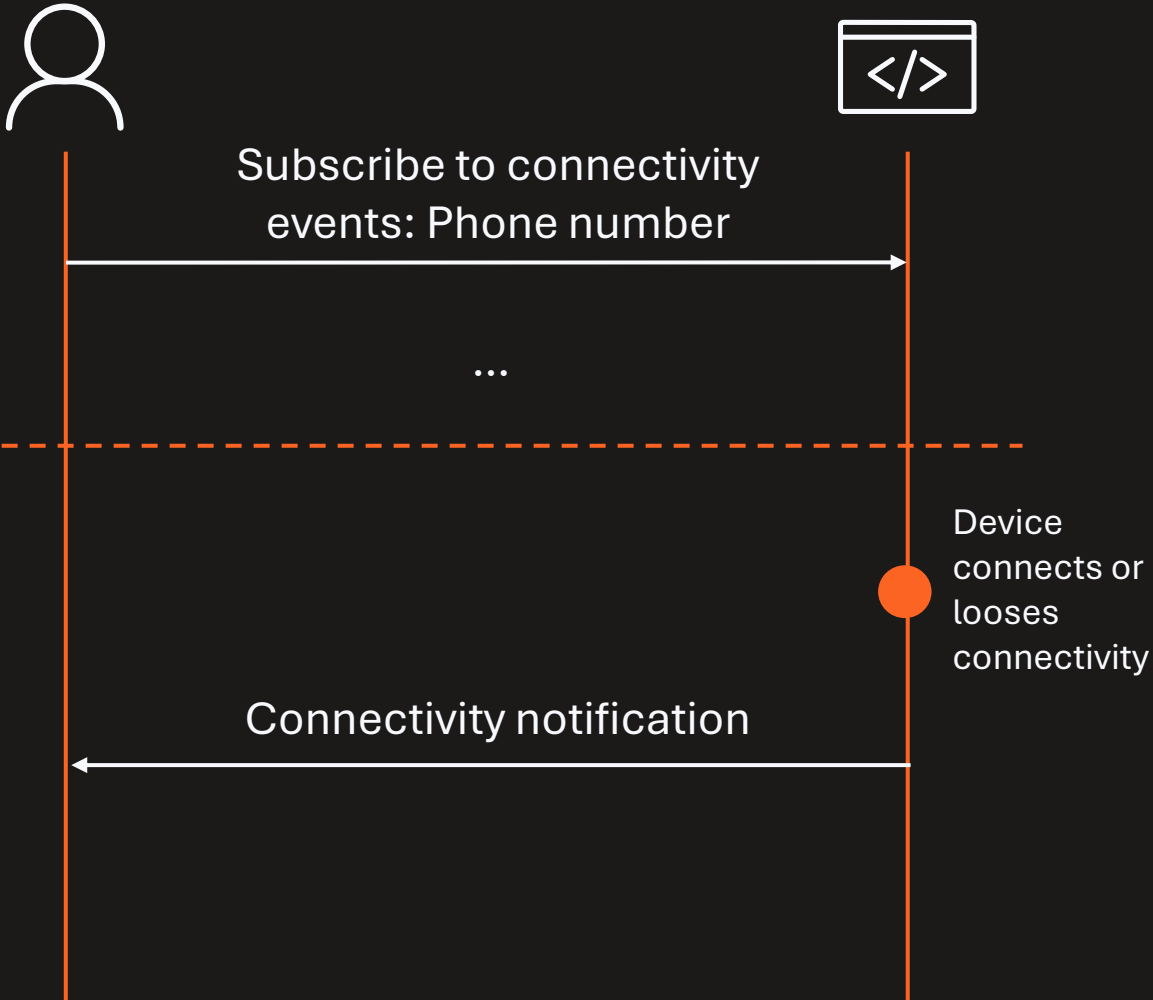


Roaming status

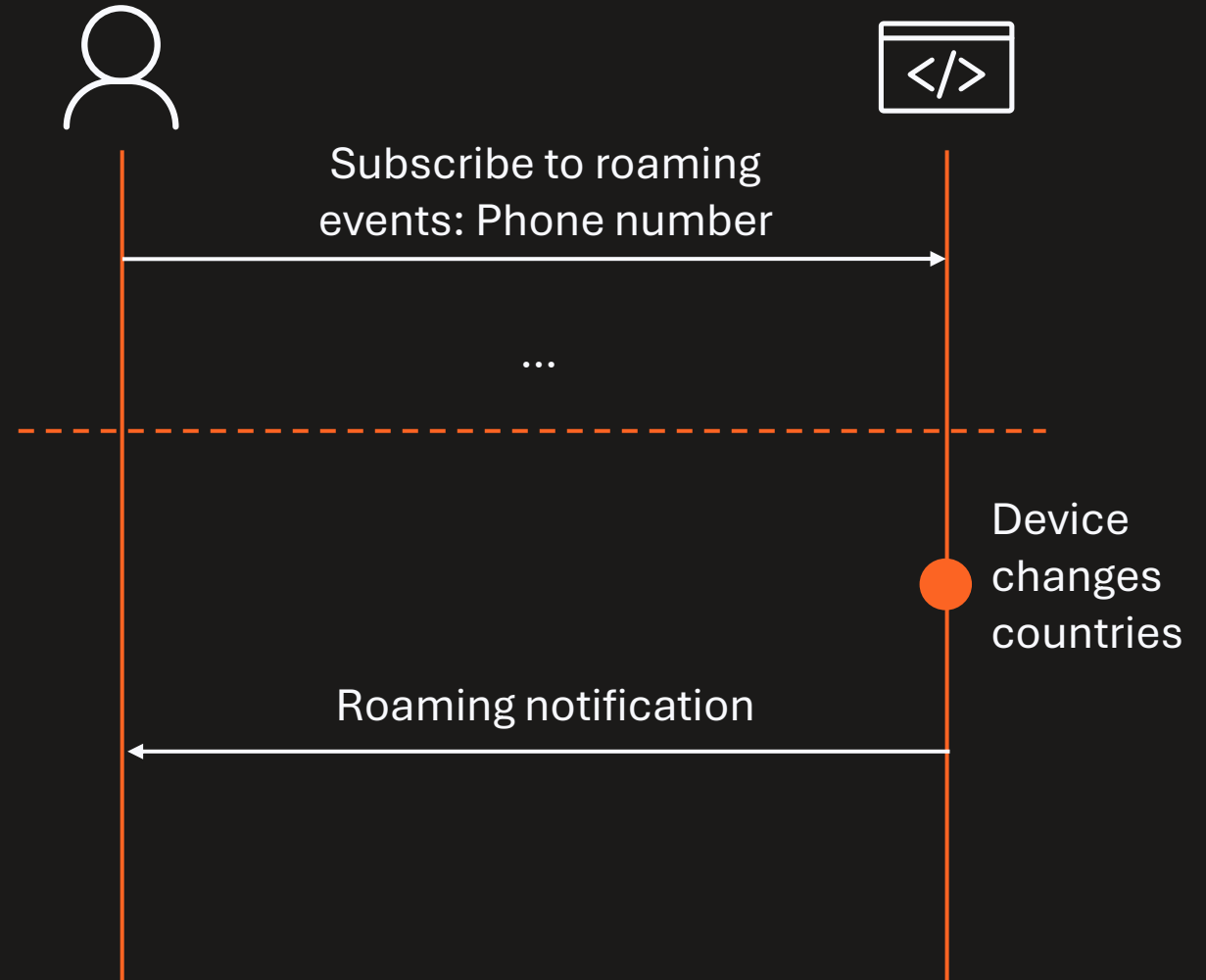




Connectivity status notification



Roaming status notification





Know Your Customer

KYC Match

Is this person's info correct?

KYC Age Verification

Is this person older than requested age?

KYC Fill-in

Give me personal info about this person

How and why is it used today?

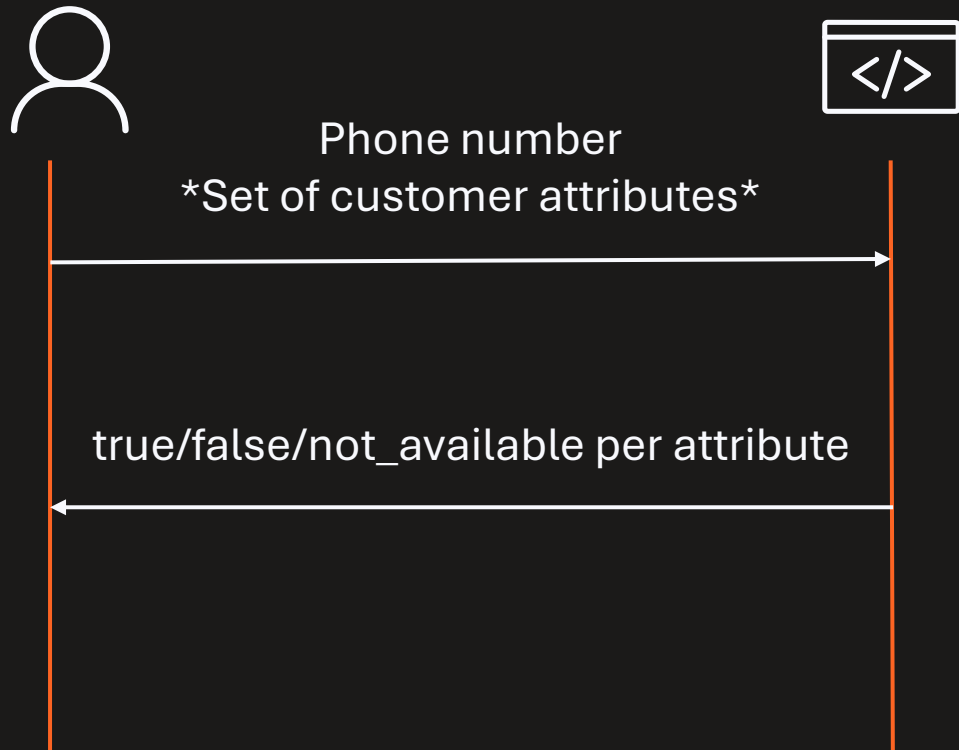
Fraud prevention
User verification

Fraud prevention

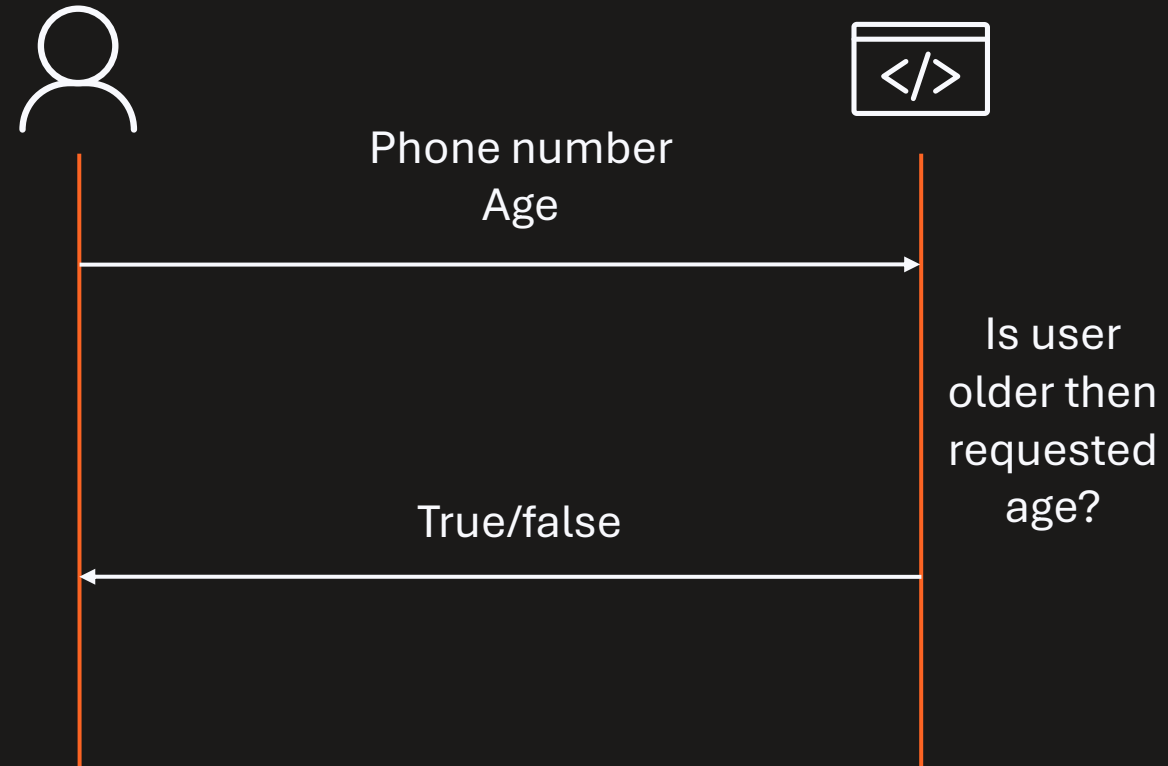
Speeding up onboarding process



KYC Match



KYC Age Verification

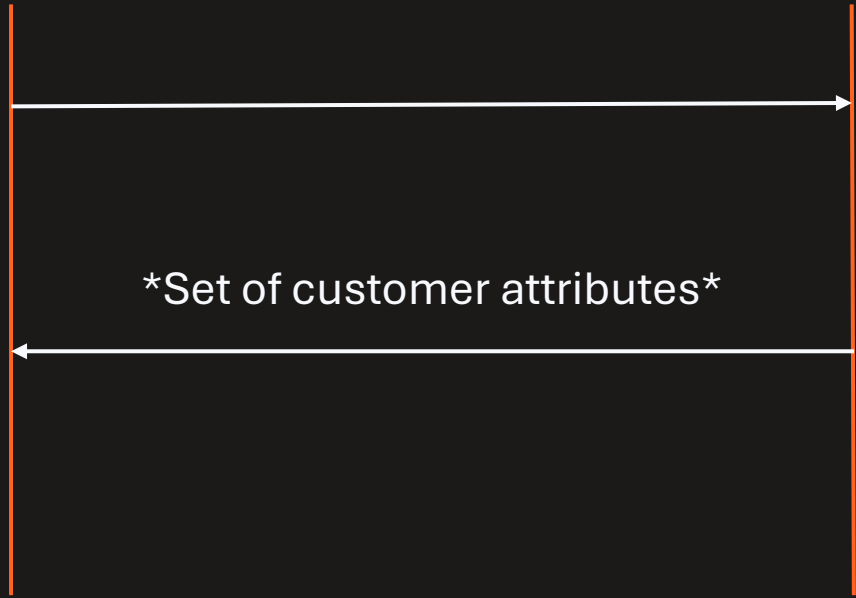




KYC Fill-in



Phone number





Number Verification

- Verifying user's phone number
- Match phone number and IP address on network data
- OTP replacement



Device Location

- Location verification
- Location retrieval
- Geofencing



SIM Swap Detection

- Attacker convinces Operator to switch a phone number to a SIM card attacker controls
- Request info about the time last SIM swap occurred



Device Status

- Connectivity status
- Network data and SMS
- Roaming status
- Is device roaming and where is it in roaming



Know Your Customer (KYC)

- KYC Match
- KYC Age verification
- KYC Fill-in



Quality on Demand

- Modify network properties
 - Latency
 - Bit rate
- Device IP address or phone number
- Application server IP address